

72733

Version Revision Date: MSDS Number: Date of last issue: -

1.0 26.05.2015 133780-00001 Date of first issue: 26.05.2015

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : 72733

Product code : 00000000000613151

SDS-Identcode : 463G

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Bestolife Corporation

Address : 2777 N. Stemmons Frwy Ste 1800

Dallas TX 75207,

Telephone : 855-243-9164/972-865-8961

Emergency telephone number : CHEMTREC: 800-101-2201, International: +1-703-527-3887

Telefax : 214-631-3047

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Industrial use

Thread Compound (Pipe Dope) and Jacking grease for use in

Offshore industries

Mining, (without offshore industries)

Restrictions on use : Do not use on oxygen lines or in oxygen enriched atmos-

pheres.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

: Category 1

Acute aquatic toxicity : Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Category 1

GHS Label element



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Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration (%)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naph-	64742-52-5	>= 30 - < 50
thenic		
Lead	7439-92-1	>= 30 - < 50
Graphite	7782-42-5	>= 10 - < 20
Zinc	7440-66-6	>= 10 - < 20
Copper	7440-50-8	>= 1 - < 10
12-Hydroxy lithium stearate	7620-77-1	>= 1 - < 10
Lead oxide	1317-36-8	>= 1 - < 10
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naph-	64742-53-6	>= 1 - < 10



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thenic		
Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate	25619-56-1	>= 1 - < 10
Quartz	14808-60-7	>= 0.1 - < 1
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	>= 0.1 - < 1

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.



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Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon oxides Lead compounds Metal oxides Sulphur oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable con-

tainer for disposal.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Keep container tightly closed.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.



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Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	PEL (long term) (Mist)	5 mg/m3	SG OEL
		PEL (short term) (Mist)	10 mg/m3	SG OEL
		TWA (Inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lead	7439-92-1	PEL (long term) (Dust and fume)	0.15 mg/m3 (Lead)	SG OEL
		TWA	0.05 mg/m3 (Lead)	ACGIH
Graphite	7782-42-5	PEL (long term) (Res- pirable dust)	2 mg/m3	SG OEL
		TWA (Res- pirable frac- tion)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
Copper	7440-50-8	PEL (long term) (Dusts and mists)	1 mg/m3 (Copper)	SG OEL
		PEL (long term) (Fumes)	0.2 mg/m3	SG OEL
		TWA (Dust and mist)	1 mg/m3 (Copper)	ACGIH
		TWA (Fumes)	0.2 mg/m3 (Copper)	ACGIH
12-Hydroxy lithium stearate	7620-77-1	PEL (long term)	10 mg/m3	SG OEL
		TWA	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lead oxide	1317-36-8	TWA	0.05 mg/m3 (Lead)	ACGIH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	64742-53-6	PEL (long term) (Mist)	5 mg/m3	SG OEL
		PEL (short term) (Mist)	10 mg/m3	SG OEL



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		TWA (Inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Barium dinonyl naphtha- lenesulphonate	25619-56-1	PEL (long term)	0.5 mg/m3 (Barium)	SG OEL
		TWA	0.5 mg/m3 (Barium)	ACGIH
Quartz	14808-60-7	PEL (long term) (Res- pirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	SG OEL
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	0.025 mg/m3 (Silica)	ACGIH
Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	PEL (long term) (Dust)	10 mg/m3	SG OEL
		PEL (long term) (Fumes)	5 mg/m3	SG OEL
		PEL (short term) (Fumes)	10 mg/m3	SG OEL
		TWA (Respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
		STEL (Respirable fraction)	10 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
Lead	7439-92-1	Lead (Lead)	Blood		50 μg/dl	SG BTLV
		Lead (Lead)	Blood		30 μg/dl	SG BTLV
		Lead (Lead)	Hb		11 g/dl	SG BTLV
		Lead (Lead)	Hb		10 g/dl	SG BTLV
		Lead (Lead)	In blood	Not criti- cal	30 μg/ 100 ml	ACGIH BEI
Lead oxide	1317-36-8	Lead (Lead)	Blood		50 μg/dl	SG BTLV
		Lead (Lead)	Blood		30 µg/dl	SG BTLV
		Lead (Lead)	Hb		11 g/dl	SG BTLV
		Lead (Lead)	Hb		10 g/dl	SG BTLV

Engineering measures

: Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Use with local exhaust ventilation.



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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection

Material : Impervious gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the

end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Viscous semi-solid

Colour : black, copper

Odour : Petroleum

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable (not an aqueous solution)

: No data available

: No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available



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Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : 1.9

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : negligible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flow time : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of

exposure

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

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Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:



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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Zinc:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.41 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Copper:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Lead oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgement

Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation

1272/2008, Annex VI

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.05 mg/l



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Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,750 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1.5 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation

1272/2008, Annex VI

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 10,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Quartz:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Zinc oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.



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Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

Copper:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead oxide:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate:

Species: Rabbit Result: Skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead:

Species: Rabbit Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Zinc:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Copper:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead oxide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation: Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Test Type: Buehler Test Exposure routes: Skin contact



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Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead:

Test Type: Maximisation Test (GPMT)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse Result: negative

Copper:

Test Type: Maximisation Test (GPMT)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429

Result: negative

Lead oxide:

Test Type: Maximisation Test (GPMT)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Test Type: Buehler Test Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate:

Test Type: Buehler Test Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:



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Test Type: Maximisation Test (GPMT)

Exposure routes: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

> cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

> cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:

Genotoxicity in vitro Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Zinc:

: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Genotoxicity in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo Genotoxicity in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat



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Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Copper:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.12.

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: DNA Repair

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative



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Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Skin contact Exposure time: 78 weeks

Method: OECD Test Guideline 451

Result: negative

Lead:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 2 Years

Result: negative

Lead oxide: Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 2 Years

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess- : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

ment

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Skin contact Exposure time: 78 weeks

Result: negative

Quartz:

Species: Humans

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)



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Result: positive

Remarks: IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute to a dust

inhalation hazard.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies (inhala-

tion)

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Components:

Lead:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Positive evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility from human epidemiological studies., Positive evi-

dence of adverse effects on development from human epide-

miological studies.

Graphite:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Copper:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit



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Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Lead oxide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies., Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal exper-

iments.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Hamster

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Lead:

Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Exposure routes: Ingestion

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg

bw or less.

Lead oxide:

Target Organs: Central nervous system, Kidney, Blood

Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Quartz:

Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs: Lungs

Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02

mg/l/6h/d or less.

Zinc oxide:

Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d

or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: > 0.98 mg/l

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead:

Species: Rat

LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion



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Exposure time: 6 - 12 m

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:Species: Rat
NOAEL: 12 mg/m3

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 412

Zinc:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 31 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 90 d

Copper: Species: Rat

NOAEL: >= 2 mg/m3

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 28 d

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: > 88 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 90 d

Lead oxide:

Species: Rat

LOAEL: 0.005 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 20 - 30 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Species: Rabbit NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route: Skin contact

Exposure time: 4 w

Method: OECD Test Guideline 410

Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 55 mg/kg LOAEL: 165 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 29 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Quartz:

Species: Humans LOAEL: 0.053 mg/m3



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Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Remarks: The substance is inextricably bound in the product and therefore does not contribute

to a dust inhalation hazard.

Zinc oxide:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 1.5 mg/m3

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time: 3 m

Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to bacteria : NOEC: > 1.93 mg/l

Exposure time: 10 min

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Lead:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,170 μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 596.83 μg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : EC50: $> 10 - 100 \mu g/I$



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Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC: $> 10 - 100 \mu g/l$ Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC: > 10 - 100 μg/l

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: NOEC: > $10 - 100 \mu g/I$

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Graphite:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: > 1,012.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Zinc:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.78 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.83 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : IC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.15

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 1



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Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.199 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: 5.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Copper:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 297 - 513

μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

LC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 66 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 30 -

824 µg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 16 μg/l

Exposure time: 78 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 21.5 - 181 µg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Lead oxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,170 μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 596.8 µg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : NOEC (Dunaliella tertiolecta (marine algae)): 192.3 μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 -

100 µg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 241.5 µg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: EC10 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 12.4 μg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to algae : NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >=

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to bacteria : NOEC (Photobacterium phosphoreum): > 2.17 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 d

Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 330 - 780 µg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.9 - 16.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 136 μg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 24 μg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 1

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 199 $\mu g/I$

Exposure time: 30 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 37 μg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

Toxicity to bacteria : EC50: 5.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:



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Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 2 - 4 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable

Biodegradation: 78 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 2 - 8 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Barium dinonyl naphthalenesulphonate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 14 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Zinc:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 177

Zinc oxide:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 177

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose of as unused product.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.



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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulation

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Lead, Copper)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.

(Lead, Copper)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo : 956

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

: 956

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3077

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,

N.O.S.

(Lead, Copper)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and

Environmental Protection and Management (Hazard-

ous Substances) Regulations

: Lead compounds in paint



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The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

TSCA : All chemical substances in this material are included on or

exempted from listing on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical

Substances.

Inventories

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), REACH (European Union), ENCS (Japan), ISHL (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (USA)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data

Sheet

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
SG BTLV : Singapore. Biological Threshold Limit Values

SG OEL : Singapore. Workplace Safety and Health Act - First Schedule

Permissible Exposure Limits of Toxic Substances

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

SG OEL / PEL (long term) : Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Long Term SG OEL / PEL (short term) : Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Short Term

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

SG / EN